

	ISCC EU and ISCC PLUS Audit Procedure Point of Origin				
No.	Chapter	Remarks			
0.	Basic data	Basic data of the Point of Origin to be audited			
1.1.	General	Applicable if the Point of Origin is individually certified			
6.1.	6.1. General – Point of Origin Requirements Applicable for all audits of Points of Origin (certification audits and sample audits)				
6.2.	Company/business	Applicable for all audits of Points of Origin (certification audits and sample audits)			
6.3.	Public containers	Applicable for all audits of Points of Origin (certification audits and sample audits)			
6.4.	Palm oil mills	Applicable for all audits of Points of Origin (certification audits and sample audits)			
6.5.	Traceability	Applicable if the Point of Origin is individually certified			
7.	List of Best Practices, Non-conformities list and Measures	List of non-conformities and definition of corrective actions			

Please read the guidelines carefully before completing the audit procedures!

- ISCC provides audit procedures which are based on the ISCC EU and PLUS System Documents and contain all relevant certification requirements
- The audit procedures are a crucial tool to facilitate consistent and comparable verification of ISCC requirements during ISCC audits (note: for auditors the audit procedures are integrated in the Audit Procedure System (APS) which is mandatory for auditors to be used in audits)
- System Users can use the audit procedures to conduct their internal assessments, for internal trainings or to prepare for an audit. The application of the audit procedures for such purposes is voluntary but recommended
- Each requirement is complemented by verification guidance information and information on what evidence may be provided
- Questions and requirements that were added are marked. Minor amendments, e.g. change of order, corrections of phrasings and spelling mistakes, are not listed
- This template contains certification requirements for Points of Origins. The procedure is also applicable for sample audits of Points of Origin
- If a requirement is not applicable for a specific audit, it must not be answered (can be marked as not applicable)
- For relevant requirements, the conformity has to be marked with "yes" (conformity) or "no" (non-conformity). If indicated, detailed information must be provided in the column "finding"
- Every "no" must be explained in the column "findings" and requires the definition of corrective measures (chapter 6)
- Every chapter and requirement has a unique number (due to technical reasons the numbering may not be continuous)
- Reference to ISCC documents always refer to the latest version that is available on the ISCC website
- If a question requires the statement of sustainable materials, the wording of the ISCC Lists of Material must be applied



00.	Basic Data	
00.00.	Certification Body	
00.00.001	Name of Certification Body	
00.01.	Operational Unit (Point of Origin that is subject to the audit)	
00.01.001	Company Name	
00.01.002	Street	
00.01.003	Street Number	
00.01.004	Postal Code	
00.01.005	Place	
00.01.006	Country	
00.01.007	Geo Coordinates: Latitude in decimal degrees	(Example: 50.941218)
00.01.008	Geo Coordinates: Longitude in decimal degrees	(Example: 6.958337)
00.01.009	ISCC System	☐ ISCC EU ☐ ISCC PLUS
00.01.010	ISCC Contact Person: Salutation*	
00.01.011	ISCC Contact Person: Last Name*	
00.01.012	ISCC Contact Person: First Name*	
00.01.013	ISCC Contact Person: Phone*	
00.01.014	ISCC Contact Person: E-Mail*	
00.01.015	Contact details (e.g. email, phone) of relevant department within the company*	
00.01.016	Type of Operation/ Scope to be audited	□ Point of origin
00.01.017	Is the Operational unit certified individually or audited as a part of a sample?	 □ Individually certified □ audited as a part of a sample as a storage facility, point of origin, farm/plantation, or dependent collecting point □ audited as part of a sample as a national trade office/limited risk distributor (LRD)
00.01.018	ISCC Registration Number	
00.01.019	Recertification*	□ yes □ no
00.01.020	Year of initial ISCC certification*	
00.01.021 (added)	Is the date of the previous audit on / after September 1st, 2022?	□ yes □ no
00.01.022	Total annual turnover of the registered legal entity to be certified in Euro (robust and up-to-date evidence must be available to the auditor for the confirmation). The exact turnover must be indicated (appropriate	€

^{*} Not relevant for sample audits



	rounding possible). If the exact turnover is not disclosed ISCC will charge the fees based on the highest fee classification.*		
00.01.023 (added)	Which certification scope(s) were dropped compared to the previous certification period?	☐ First Gathering Point ☐ Logistic Centre ☐ Trader ☐ Collecting Point ☐ Warehouse ☐ Central Office (Group of Farms/Plantations) ☐ Central Office (Group of Points of Origin) ☐ Processing Unit ☐ Trader with storage ☐ Final Product Refinement	
<u>00.01.024</u> (added)	Please provide us with your National Trade Register Identifier. This is a requirement in order to uniquely identify an economic operator in the Union Database	The NTR ID is built from the NTR type and a NTR value. The NTR type is a combination of letter (e.g., for Germany it could be either DE TRD RGSTR CD or DE VAT CD). The NTR value is a digital number, applicable to the respective Trade registers/ Tax identifiers used by respective national registers (e.g., 123456789, excluding special characters, spaces, etc.) In this example the full format of the NTR ID will be either DE TRD RGSTR CD123456789, or DE VAT CD123456789.	
00.01.025 (added)	Is the invoicing contact the same as the company contact details above?		
00.01.026 (added)	Invoicing contact: Company name		
00.01.027 (added)	Invoicing contact: Street		
00.01.028 (added)	Invoicing contact: Street no.		
00.01.029 (added)	Invoicing contact: City, place		
00.01.030 (added)	Invoicing contact: Postal code		
00.01.031 (added)	Invoicing contact: Country		
00.01.032 (added)	Invoicing contact: Company VAT	Value-added tax number. Relevant for EU-based companies handling invoicing. Write NA if the invoicing company is not based in the EU. Each VAT starts with the EU country code, e.g., DE for Germany, BE for Belgium. After the country code, there is a number following a certain format for each country. For example, a German VAT number is DE123456789, a Belgium VAT number is BE1234567890, a Hungarian VAT number is HU12345678, while for Ireland, it is either IE1234567WA for companies or IE1234567FA for individuals.	
00.01.033 (added)	Invoicing contact person: Salutation		
00.01.034 (added)	Invoicing contact: First name		
00.01.035 (added)	Invoicing contact: Family name		
00.01.036 (added)	Invoicing contact: Email		



00.01.037 (added)	Invoicing contact: Phone number (office)	Including country code.
00.01.038 (added)	Additional email addresses for processing invoices	Write NA if there are no additional emails.
00.01.039 (added)	Indicate the time period for the reporting of materials declared as sustainable within the last certification period (basis for quantity-dependent fees calculation and invoicing, please see guidance for clarification).	DD.MM.YYYY – DD.MM.YYYY
00.02.	Audit Specific Data	
00.02.001	Name of Lead Auditor	
00.02.002	Name(s) of further auditors of the team	
00.02.003	Place of the Audit	□ On-site □ On-site at the address where the daily operations take place (only applicable for traders/traders with storage) □ Remote
00.02.004	Date of the Audit	
00.02.005 (adjusted)	Duration of the on-site audit, or duration of video call in case of remote audits (in hours, in digits)	
00.02.006	Name(s) of company representative(s) present during the audit	
00.02.007	Is the operational unit using relevant service providers or sub- contractors?	□ yes ☑ no
00.02.008	Name(s) of relevant service providers/ sub-contractors*	
00.02.014	Sustainable output material(s) (according to the ISCC lists of materials) ¹	
00.02.015	Is material claimed as "ISCC Compliant"?* ISCC PLUS: Claim "ISCC Compliant" is mandatory to indicated that the entire upstream supply chain is covered by ISCC certification	□ yes □ no
00.02.016 (adjusted)	Are other sustainability certification system(s) with comparable scopes used? For ISCC EU in particular those systems which are recognised under RED II are relevant and national schemes like the Italian National Schemes, Dutch Double Counting etc. For ISCC PLUS in addition traceability databases for biogas/ biomethane trading (e.g. Vertogas (NL), Green Gas (UK)), for wood-based feedstocks (e.g. PEFC, FSC) and other voluntary schemes for circular and/ or bio-based industrial applications like e.g. RSPO or EuCertPlast are relevant.	□ yes □ no
00.02.017	If other sustainability certification systems are used, specify which other systems are used	
00.02.018	Overall risk level applied during the audit (risk level regarding documentation and sampling)*	□ Regular (risk level 1.0) □ Medium (risk level 1.5) □ High (risk level 2.0)

¹ Applicable for physical input and output. Not applicable for materials which are only traded on a "paper" basis



00.02.019	Specify major risk indicator(s) that were identified for the audit (in accordance with ISCC Risk Assessment requirements – ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management")) and with regard to the (non-exhaustive) list of risks as provided in ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management") *	
00.02.020	Tools and information sources used to determine risk factor*	
00.02.021	Risk level applied regarding a flawed documentation of the operational unit (i.e. risk level for traceability).	□ Regular (risk level 1.0) □ Medium (risk level 1.5) □ High (risk level 2.0)
00.02.022	Please indicate how the ISCC criteria to determine the risk-level (in accordance with ISCC Risk Assessment requirements – ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management") have been applied, with regard to a flawed documentation of the audited operational unit (i.e. risk level for traceability) as indicated in the guidance in ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management")	
00.02.023	Chain of Custody option applied	 ☐ Mass balance ☐ Physical segregation ☐ Controlled blending (can only be applied under ISCC PLUS)
00.02.024	Are electronic traceability databases (e.g. Nabisy) used?*	□ yes □ no
00.02.025	Voluntary Add-ons if applicable)*	 □ No add-ons applied □ SAI Gold □ GHG Emissions □ Consumables □ Non-GMO for Food and Feed □ Non-GMO for Technical Markets □ Electricity and Heat from Biogas Plants
00.02.028	Are both waste or residues and virgin vegetable oils (e.g. rapeseed oil, palm oil) collected, stored, processed or sold by the economic operator?	□ yes □ no
00.02.029	Are internal (on-site) or external (different address) storage facilities (e.g. warehouses, tank terminals, etc.) used to store sustainable material?*	 □ yes: internal storage facilities □ yes: external storage facilities □ no storage facilities
00.02.030	If external storage facilities are used, please indicate if they are covered by individual or group certification* (A list of all external storage facilities including address data (and certificate number if individually certified) must be provided to ISCC.)	☐ All external storage facilities are certified ☐ One or more storage facilities are not certified
00.02.031	Please indicate the number of non-certified storage facilities*	
00.02.032	What is the risk level applied for the sampling of storage facilities with regard to the compliance of the relevant ISCC requirements?*	Regular (risk level 1.0) Medium (risk level 1.5)



		☐ High (risk level 2.0)
00.02.033	Please indicate how the ISCC criteria to determine the risk-level of the storage facilities have been applied (in accordance with ISCC Risk Assessment requirements – ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management")*	
00.02.034	How many storage facilities have been audited based on a sample (storage facilities covered by individual or group certification do not have to be included)*	
00.02.038	Did the auditor apply the tool of cross-checking the accuracy of sustainability claims in the framework of the audit? See ISCC Document 201 "System Basics" chapter 4.2.2 for further information.	□ yes □ no
00.02.039	For ISCC PLUS: In case 'circular' materials are included, please indicate the type of feedstock	□ post-consumer □ pre-consumer □ unspecified/mixed
00.02.040	For ISCC PLUS: In case 'circular' materials are included, please indicate the type of recycling operation	□ mechanical recycling □ chemical recycling
00.02.041	For ISCC PLUS: In case 'circular' materials are handled: are sufficient measures and processes in place to evaluate how plastic waste will be recycled? Chemical Recycling should be applied here mechanical recycling is not technically feasible, economically viable, leads to low-quality products or has a higher negative environmental impact.	□ yes □ no
00.02.042 (added)	For ISCC PLUS: In the case that waste or residue-based raw materials or products are handled, processed or stored: Please state if this material consists of or includes recycled/"circular" raw materials or products, e.g. based on mixed plastic waste.	
00.02.047 (added)	Dropped Collecting Point / Central Office scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.048 (added)	Dropped Collecting Point / Central Office scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.049 (added)	Dropped Point of Origin scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.050 (added)	Dropped Point of Origin scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.051 (added)	Dropped Processing Unit scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt



00.02.052 (added)	Dropped Processing Unit scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.053 (added)	Dropped First Gathering Point / Central Office scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.054 (added)	Dropped First Gathering Point / Central Office scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.055 (added)	Dropped Farm / Plantation scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.056 (added)	Dropped Farm / Plantation scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.057 (added)	Dropped Trader / Trader with Storage scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.058 (added)	Dropped Trader / Trader with Storage scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.059 (added)	Dropped Final Product Refinement scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC EU during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.02.060 (added)	Dropped Final Product Refinement scope: Total amount of outgoing material declared as sustainable under ISCC PLUS during the indicated period.	Amount in mt
00.04.	Point of Origin Requirements	
00.04.001	Category of Point of Origin	 □ Company or Business (e.g. restaurants, industrial operations) □ Palm Oil Mill □ Private Households □ Public Containers □ Public or Communal Collection Sites □ Landfill Operations
00.04.002	If the Point of Origin is a company or business, please specify the type of operation (e.g. restaurant, animal rendering plant, oil refinery, industrial operations, etc.)	
00.04.003	What type of waste or residue is produced by the point of origin? (Verify how the material is declared on delivery documents or waste transfer notes and if this is plausible).	
00.04.004	What GHG option is used for the outgoing sustainable material? (multiple choice possible) (Waste and residues generally have zero GHG emissions per ton at the point of origin where the waste or residue is collected from)	□ Total default value □ Disaggregated default value □ Actual GHG value



00.04.005		Information on outgoing materials claimed as sustainable under ISCC during previous certification period:*						
-	List of materials	List of materials claimed as sustainable under ISCC during previous certification period					Amount per outgoing sustainable material in previous certification period	
-							p.cc	mt
-								mt
-								mt
-								mt
-								mt
	Total amount o	f outgoing material declared	d as sustainable u	nder ISCC du	ring the indicated period².			
-	ISCC System	Total Amount		Amount in w	vords	Start of period	End	of Period
00.04.006	ISCC EU		mt					
00.04.007	ISCC PLUS		mt					
	Specific Data fo	or Palm Oil Mills (POM) ³						
00.04.010	Indicate the an metric tons)	nual production capacity of	f crude palm oil o	f the POM (in				
00.04.011		nount of fresh fruit bunches (I prior to the audit (in metric to		y the POM in				
00.04.012	Indicate the typ	oe of waste or residue that is	generated at the	palm oil mill	□ POME (Palm Oil Mill Effluent) oil □ PPF (Pressed Palm Fibers) oil □ EFB (Empty Fruit Bunches) oil □ PKS (Palm Kernel Shell) □ EFB (Empty Fruit Bunches			

² The amount declared here should include all sustainable material dispatched under each respective scope from the certified operational unit, irrespective of the ownership. For sites certified under multiple scopes, please ensure that material is only declared for the scope(s) under which it was dispatched to ensure that the quantity dependent fee is issued for the correct amount of outgoing material. Only applicable for recertification audits under the respective ISCC Systems. Please note that this information is the basis to determine the quantity dependent fees. The period stated in the first recertification audit should cover from the beginning of the initial certification period until as close to the date of the most recent audit date as possible In subsequent audits the period should begin at the end of the period stated in the previous audit and end as close to the date of the most recent audit date as possible to ensure that all outgoing material from the operational unit is accounted for in the quantity dependent fees.

³ Please see the ISCC Guidance Document for the Audit of Wastes and Residues from Palm Oil Mills for further information



00.04.013	Indicate how POME oil is recovered, i.e. is the POME recovered from the	☐ Recovered from the pond
	pond ("skimmed off") or is it prior to the pont recovered in a pre-	☐ Recovered prior to the pond
	treatment step (e.g. in a centrifuge)	
00.04.014	Indicate the type of steriliser that is used in the POM	□ Horizontal
00.04.015	Indicate the amount of POME oil that was recovered by the POM in the	
	12 months prior to the audit (in metric tons)	
00.04.016	Indicate the amount of PPF oil that was recovered by the POM in the 12	
	months prior to the audit (in metric tons)	
00.04.017	Indicate the amount of EFB oil that was recovered by the POM in the 12	
	months prior to the audit (in metric tons)	
00.04.018	Indicate if the recovered POME oil, PPF oil and/or EFB oil is further treated	☐ Treatment of POME oil
	(e.g. purified, cleaned) at the POM?	☐ Treatment of PPF oil
		☐ Treatment of EFB oil
		□ None of the above



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity		
					Yes	No	
01.	Management System						
01.01.	General Requirements (not applicable for points	of origin audited as part of a sample)					
01.01.001	Is the management system appropriate with respect to type, complexity and volume of the operations and takes risk factors into account?	Verify whether there is a management system in place. Verify whether the system covers sustainability requirements at all relevant operations. Verify if risk factors like expertise, education and training of employees and service providers, subcontractors are covered. See also the risk factors listed in ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management"	Documentation of the management system and interviews of personnel, intranet, QM system, QM handbook, internal risk assessment/self-assessment (if available)				
01.01.002	Have relevant information and documents been distributed to the competent employees, storage facilities and service providers, subcontractors, customers and other relevant parties?	Verify distribution lists and demand documents from personnel, storage facilities, subcontractors, and service providers.	Distribution lists, emails, letters, relevant management system documents				
01.01.003	Have employees been appointed who are responsible for the implementation, verification, development and updating of the ISCC requirements at all critical control points?	Verify responsibility and authorization of appointed personnel regarding critical control points like incoming and outgoing materials, warehouse bookkeeping, weighbridge, logistics, sales and distribution, quality control, etc., Interview relevant personnel.	Organization chart, job and responsibility descriptions, QM system, distribution lists for internal guidelines, updating procedures				
01.01.004	Did trainings take place appropriate to the needs of the employees at critical control points?	Verify training material, course planning documents and whether the relevant employees participated in the training. Interview participants.	Training course planning, training documents, distribution lists, emails, participant lists, certificates				
01.01.005	Has an internal audit/inspection/assessment regarding the implementation of all relevant ISCC requirements taken place (relevant service providers and subcontractors have to be taken into account)?	Visual inspection of audit report (inspection should take place at least once a year). Verify if the audit report takes into account relevant service providers and subcontractors.	Report, action plan, progress report				
01.01.006	If required, have corrective and/or preventive measures been established?	Verify corrective and/or preventive measures that have been established.	Report, action plan, progress report				
01.01.007	Was the internal audit report reviewed by the organization's management?	Verify whether the management has reviewed the internal audit report (should take place at least once a year)	Review report, minutes, protocol, interview management personnel, QM system				
01.01.008	Are the internal processes documented appropriately?	Verify if the documentation includes e.g. process descriptions, main product(s) and by-products, waste and residues and losses within the process, flow charts etc.	Material flow charts, process descriptions. Production reports, organization charts, etc.				



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity
					Yes No
01.01.009	Are sufficient procedure descriptions with respect to sustainability requirements available for all critical control points?	Verify procedures (e.g. regarding sustainability requirements, traceability, mass balance, GHG calculation etc.) at critical control points (e.g. raw material sourcing, conversion process, logistics of incoming and outgoing goods, inventory control, sales and distribution, quality assurance, warehouse bookkeeping, weighbridge, etc.)	Material flow charts, standard operating procedures, job and responsibility descriptions, organization chart, contracts with service providers/ subcontractors		
01.01.010	Is the technical equipment and infrastructure available and in operation for the critical control points?	Verify whether weighbridges, flow meters, sensors, measuring devices etc. are available, fully functional and calibrated, in particular in the areas of site gate, silos, warehouse, conversion process, etc.	Weighbridge ticket, sensor display, computer system reports, display, computer reports regarding process parameters, filling status, etc.		
01.01.011	Are all necessary documents, records, reports, information and data according to ISCC Document 203 "Traceability and Chain of Custody" available and accessible (please see list under Evidence/Documents)?	Documents should be requested prior to the audit. Mass Balances must be submitted to the certification body/auditor prior to the audit. If certain documents (e.g. weighbridge tickets) are not available prior to the audit, availability (in a timely manner) must be ensured during the audit. Records (e.g. weighbridge tickets, contracts, etc.) must ensure a comprehensible link to products and deliveries. Please be aware that the documentation is the basis for the risk assessment conducted by the external (certification body) auditor.	- Plant operation permit, plant layout plan, silo plan, tank plan, silo/warehouse capacity, tank capacity, - Weighbridge tickets, delivery notes, bill of lading, sustainability or other documents for incoming and outgoing sustainable material, - Periodical reporting on opening and closing stock for incoming and outgoing sustainable and nonsustainable material, - List and corresponding contracts with relevant subcontractors, service providers (e.g. warehouses, dependent collectors, etc.), - Report and action plan of the last/previous external audit (n.a. during first certification), - Mass balance system/ calculation, - List and corresponding contracts with all suppliers (including farms/plantations, points of origin and certified suppliers) and recipients of sustainable material, - Production report (periodically, annually) including processing and allocation factor (if not provided		



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity		
					Yes	No	
			within GHG calculation) and description of waste/residues, losses and co-products (if relevant and applicable e.g. for processing units), - Written commitment by the management to comply with the requirements of the ISCC system.				
01.01.012	Are all necessary documents, records, reports, information and data according to ISCC EU Document 203 "Traceability and Chain of Custody" kept for at least five years?	Verify if documentation for five years is covered within the management system. Verify the oldest documents available (starting with the registration with ISCC). Also see question 01.01.11.	ISCC registration, relevant documents, QM system				
01.01.013	Did the risk assessment regarding a flawed documentation of the audited site take place based on the documents, reports, information and data according to ISCC EU Document 203 "Traceability and Chain of Custody" as well as the certification history?	Risk assessment to be conducted by the external (certification body) auditor: 1. Regular risk: above-mentioned documents are accurately managed, up to date, complete and accessible without problems 2. Medium risk: above-mentioned documents are not managed accurately and are not accessible without problems 3. High risk: above-mentioned documents are not up to date and not complete. Note: The use of other certification schemes must be taken into account appropriately during the risk assessment (certification under multiple schemes at the same time may be one of the factors for a higher risk). The result of the risk assessment drives the audit intensity with respect to traceability, mass balance and documents to be verified during the audit: Regular risk: auditor must check a random document sample from three successive months Medium risk: auditor must check a random document sample from three successive months plus documents from one complete month High risk: auditor must check documents of three successive months completely. Please describe the risk indicators to determine the risk-level of operations (in accordance with ISCC EU Document 204 "Risk Management")	Documents required by ISCC, certificates, databases and registries of certification schemes	Please indicate the risk indicators			



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity		
					Yes	No	
01.01.14	If the operational unit is also certified under other sustainability certification schemes with comparable scopes at the time of the audit or has been certified in the twelve months prior to the audit, are all relevant information on the other certification schemes available to the auditor?	Verify if the economic operator currently has valid certificates under other certification schemes with comparable scopes or had such certificates in the twelve months prior to the audit. Verify the scopes of those certifications. Check if all relevant information are available, including mass balance data, sustainability declarations, GHG calculations and the auditing reports from previous audits are available	Certificates of other schemes, website/databases of other schemes. Quantity bookkeeping, mass balances, sustainability declarations/delivery documents issued under other schemes, GHG calculations, audit reports				
01.01.015	Is it ensured that no hopping between certification schemes is performed with the intention to cover or conceal violations of other certification schemes?	Verify if the audited site has a history of certification under one (or more) certification scheme(s) with comparable scope. Check which other sustainability certification schemes are currently being used or have been used within the previous 12 months. Check with the respective other certification scheme(s) if certificates have been withdrawn within the previous 12 months.	Certificates, databases and registries of certification schemes, interview with personnel				
01.01.016	Is it ensured that the operational unit is not suspended or excluded by another certification system at the date of the audit (ISCC EU: certification systems recognised under RED II)?	Check which other sustainability certification schemes have been used within the previous 12 months. Check if certificates have been withdrawn within the previous 12 months. Verify that the operational unit is currently (at the date of the audit) not blacklisted by another sustainability certification scheme. Note: If an economic unit is suspended or excluded from certification by another sustainability certification system, certification under ISCC is not possible, until the suspension or exclusion expires (see ISCC Document 201 "System Basics")	Certificates, databases and registries of certification schemes, interview with personnel				
01.01.017	Are documents and information treated as confidential and is it ensured that they not made accessible to third parties?	Verify that no access to confidential documents, information, databases, etc. is possible by third parties.	Distribution lists, emails and access authorizations to data bases				
01.01.018	ISCC EU only: Did the system user submit to ISCC the reporting template as provided by ISCC on the amounts of sustainable raw materials and/or final biofuels certified in the previous calendar year? (Note: Only applicable for Farms/Plantations, Points of Origin, First Gathering Points, Central Offices,	Verify if the reporting template was submitted to ISCC. Verify if the system user has received the confirmation email from ISCC confirming that the reporting obligation was fulfilled.	Confirmation email from ISCC				



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Confor	
	Collecting Points and Processing Units, producing final biofuel. This reporting is part of a report that ISCC must send annually to the European Commission. See ISCC Document 102 "Governance" for further information)				Yes	No
01.01.019	ISCC EU only: Is it ensured that the reporting template contained complete and truthful information? (Note: Only applicable for Farms/Plantations, Points of Origin, First Gathering Points, Central Offices, Collecting Points and Processing Units, producing final biofuel.)	Check the summary of reported amounts provided by ISCC, if the information reported to ISCC was complete and correct (compare with mass balance and other relevant documents).	Confirmation email from ISCC, Summary of amounts reported to ISCC (provided by ISCC together with the confirmation email), mass balance			
01.01.020 (adjusted)	Are the current ISCC terms of use available and signed?	Verify if the current and signed ISCC terms of use are available and signed. Note: The signature is solely for the purpose of improving compliance. Changes to the Terms of Use become binding for the System User in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Terms of Use.	Signed, current ISCC terms of use			
01.01.021	Is a signed statement from an eligible and high-level member of the staff available confirming awareness that multiple accounting is not allowed?	To minimise the risk of multiple accounting an eligible and high-level member of staff of the economic operator issuing sustainability declarations has to sign a statement/declaration confirming the awareness that multiple accounting is not allowed (see ISCC Document 203 "Traceability and Chain of Custody")	Signed statement			
06.	Point of Origin					
06.01.	General Requirements Point of Origin (for main a	ind sample audits)				
06.01.001	Is it ensured that the material is eligible for certification as waste or residue raw material under ISCC?	Verify if the material is listed on the ISCC EU or ISCC PLUS list of materials as being eligible for certification under ISCC as waste or residue raw material.	ISCC EU or ISCC PLUS list of materials			
06.01.002	Is it ensured that the material that is being claimed as waste or residue by the point of origin meets the respective definition of "waste" or "residue" at the point of origin?	Check requirement 06.01.03 to verify if the material is disqualified as a waste or residue due to deliberate production or intentional contamination. See guidance in ISCC EU Document 202-5 "Waste and Residues", chapter 5.4). Waste: Check if the holder discards, intends to, or is (legally) required to discard the material. If yes,	Production reports, process descriptions, delivery documents, invoices, national legislation, operating license of point of origin, waste permits,	Indicate the material(s) and the assessment result(s), i.e. "waste", "residue", or "(co-) product":		



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Confo	rmity
					Yes	No
		the material classifies as a waste. If no, continue to verify if the material qualifies as a residue. Residue: Check if the material is a primary aim of the production process or an end product that the production process directly seeks to produce. If no, the material qualifies as a (processing) residue. If yes, the material classifies as a (co-) product.				
06.01.003	Is it ensured that the material is not produced or generated deliberately or intentionally contaminated or modified?	Check the process from which the material is generated. Check if the generated quantities correspond to the size and type of the point of origin and the sales realised at the point. Check if the quantities are comparable to points of origin of similar size and type. Check if the point of origin could have produced the primary product(s) with generating less of the material or without generating the material. Verify if the raw material is not intentionally modified or transformed to waste e.g. by adding waste material to raw material (e.g. mixing virgin oil with waste oil). Check if there are incentives for the point of origin to "create" waste by an intentional contamination or modification of actual products. Check the plausibility of the amounts of the respective material generated e.g. by comparing the ratio between ("virgin") raw materials. (co-) products and waste or residues. Check how frequent the material is "disposed" or collected. Check if national requirements to avoid waste are complied with. Note: If the production/generation of a material is the result of a technical choice (e.g. by influencing the quantity or quality of the material)	Production reports, sales volume of main products, quantities of raw material used, incurring quantities of waste/residues, delivery documents, invoices, National legislation, Operating license of point of origin			
06.01.004	Is it ensured that the material is	the production must be considered deliberately. Verify if the classification/declaration of the	EU Waste Catalogue, Waste codes,			
00.01.004	classified/declared correctly and truly?	outgoing material is correct. Check what kind of	ISCC EU or ISCC PLUS list of			
		waste or residue originates at the Point of Origin	materials, operation permit/license,			
		and how this sold/declared towards recipients.	health certificates, delivery			
		Check respective documentation (e.g. operation	documents, waste transfer notes			



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity
					Yes No
		license of the Point of Origin, waste transfer notes, delivery documents, etc.). In case of animal fat / tallow: Verify if the correct category according to the respective EU regulation has been applied and if there is evidence from the competent authority for the category (e.g. health certificate signed by an official veterinarian/inspector). If there is no official evidence of the category, the material must be classified as "uncategorized animal fat / tallow".			
06.01.005	Do the quantities provided to or collected by the collecting point correspond with the quantities documented by the collecting point?	Check the quantities delivered to or collected by the collecting point, on the basis of delivery notes, invoices, waste transfer notes etc. Compare the amounts with the size and type of the point of origin (plausibility check). Compare the result with the incoming quantities documented at the collector.	Delivery notes for incoming and outgoing material, invoices, conversion rates, waste transfer notes etc.		
06.01.006	Is it ensured, that there is no indication or evidence for non-conformity or fraud?	Non-compliance or fraud includes but is not limited to the following examples: - Intentional production or generation of waste or residues with the aim to sell this as waste or residue under ISCC - False declaration of material, e.g. declaring animal fat / tallow as UCO or declaring an actual product or co-product as a waste or residue Conduct a risk assessment to check if there are incentives to make false claims about the nature of the material (e.g. in the contractual basis between the Point of Origin and the Collecting Point). Further risk indicators are included in chapter 4.2.1 of the ISCC document 204.	Contracts, delivery documents, waste transfer notes, operation licenses/permit		
06.01.007	For ISCC PLUS: Does the material align with the definitions of pre-consumer and post-consumer?	Verify that the materials align with the definitions of pre-consumer and post-consumer according to EN ISO 14021: Pre-consumer material Material diverted from the waste stream during a manufacturing process. Excluded is reutilization of materials such as rework, regrind or scrap generated in a process and capable of being reclaimed within the same process that	Verify that the materials align with the definitions of pre-consumer and post-consumer according to EN ISO 14021: Pre-consumer material Material diverted from the waste stream during a manufacturing process. Excluded is reutilization of materials such as rework, regrind or		



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Confor	mity
					Yes	No
		Post-consumer material Material generated by households or by commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product which can no longer be used for its intended purpose. This includes returns of material from the distribution chain.	scrap generated in a process and capable of being reclaimed within the same process that generated it. Post-consumer material Material generated by households or by commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product which can no longer be used for its intended purpose. This includes returns of material from the distribution chain.			
06.02.	Requirements for Company/ business (commerc	cial points of origins), including Palm Oil Mills generat	ing PKS and EFB, Public/ communal co	llection centre (for main and	sample c	udits)
06.02.001	Are relevant documents or evidence available that demonstrate compliance with the ISCC requirements?	Check if relevant documents/evidence are available and accessible during the audit	Signed ISCC self-declaration for waste/residues (copy) Contract with the Collecting Point Documents about incoming raw material (invoices, delivery notes etc.) Delivery notes for outgoing waste/residues Operation permit/license			
06.02.002	In case of a sample audit: Did the point of origin sign the ISCC self-declaration before the first batch of materials was collected?	Compare the date on the self-declaration with the date of the first delivery.	ISCC self-declaration, delivery notes			
06.02.003	Is the amount of input material (raw materials) documented and does it correspond to the amount of output (waste/residue) material?	Check if the amounts of input and output material (including products, co-products and waste/residues) are documented and can be checked. Verify if it is possible to distinguish between main product, by-product and waste/residues.	Production reports, process description, conversion rates			
06.02.004 (added)	Does the company or business deal with used cooking oil (UCO)?					
06.02.005	For ISCC PLUS: Is it ensured that the materials' further use requires an additional processing step other than normal industrial practices?	Check how the material is further processed and if it differs from normal industrial practices.	Process description of waste material and other materials that are treated at the same site			
06.02.006	For ISCC PLUS (in case of plastic waste): Is the delivery essentially free of paper, biomass and/ or used tires and consists of plastic of the Resin Identification Code (RIC) categories?	Verify if the plastic waste is free of paper, biomass and/or used tires and consists of plastic of the RIC categories.	Delivery notes of incoming material, RIC categories			



Requirements	Verification guidance		Evidence/ Documents		Findings	Cor	form	nity		
								Yes		No
ice na ne	te licenses and e managemen	int of origin hold ermits to act as a company or is an ered material as	Check if appropriate licenses are in place and the material complies with the ISO definition of "recovered": material that would have otherwideen disposed of as waste or used for energy recovery but has instead been collected and recovered as a material input instead of using new primary material for a recycling or manufacturing process.		Operational permit/license, process description, ISO 14021:2016					
es rin pe vic	does not go be eparing waste for cally processing by transforming it or pelletizing) of eservices?	e.g. shredding, providing quality			On-site visits, process description, operational layout plan, etc.					
hc	d, that the oil h	actually been	Verify, if it is ensured that an unusually short usa	ge	Amount of fresh oil used, QMS,					
'∨ir	no "virgin" oil is (an consumption eclared or sold as	of fats or oils does not take place (e.g. in order declare these fats and oils as used cooking oil). Check if vegetable oils and fats are used within the usual conditions. The following criteric have to be considered, among others: - Usage in the gastronomic or in the industrial sector - Different thermal resilience or capacity of the vegetable fats and oils - Ratio of the surface and the depth of the dee fryer - deep-frying quantities - Addition of fresh fat and oil - Different fat absorption rates of food - Addition of other additives Verify how often the used oil is exchanged/replaced and collected.	a q:	process descriptions, technical descriptions of deep fryers					
		lly short usage of	Verify, if it is ensured that an unusually short usa	_	Amount of fresh oil used, QMS,					
d c		g. in order to declare cooking oil) does	declare these fats and oils as used cooking oil). Check if vegetable oils and fats are used within the usual conditions. The following criterio		process descriptions, technical descriptions of deep fryers					
		COOKING OIL) GOES	oil).Check if vegetable oils and t	ats are used ollowing criterio	ats are used ollowing criteria	ats are used ollowing criteria	ats are used ollowing criteria	ats are used ollowing criteria	ats are used ollowing criteria	ats are used ollowing criteria



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Confor	
		- Usage in the gastronomic or in the industrial sector - Different thermal resilience or capacity of the vegetable fats and oils - Ratio of the surface and the depth of the deep			Yes	No
		fryer - deep-frying quantities - Addition of fresh fat and oil - Different fat absorption rates of food - Addition of other additives Verify how often the used oil is				
06.03.	Peguirements for Public containers (for main any	exchanged/replaced and collected. d sample audits. Not applicable for other types of Poi	ints of Origin)			
06.03.001	Is it ensured, that the public container exists?	Verify on site if the container exists at the respective location.	On-site visit			
06.03.002	Are appropriate measures established, preventing contamination of the environment?	Verify if measures are implemented to prevent or reduce the risk of contamination (e.g. the container is located on a sealed surface to prevent waste oils to contaminate soil or ground water in case of spillage/leakages). Verify if applicable regulations e.g. by competent authorities are abided by (if applicable).	On-site visit			
06.03.003	Does the container show instructions, clearly indicating the type of material which can be disposed in the container and how to act in case of spillage/leakage?	Verify if the container contains appropriate instructions, signs and declarations.	On-site visit, signs, instructions			
06.03.004	Do the characteristics of the surrounding neighborhood support the amount of material collected from the container?	Verify plausibility of the amounts by comparing the location of the container with the surrounding neighborhood / area. Relevant factors might include: number of houses and inhabitants, proximity to the container, establishment of the collection system, frequency of collection from the specific container	On-site visit			
06.04	Requirements for Palm Oil Mills (POM) generating	g POME oil, PPF oil and/or EFB oil (for main and samp	le audits). Not applicable for other type	es of Points of Origin		
06.04.001	Are relevant documents or evidence available that demonstrate compliance with the ISCC requirements?	Check if relevant documents/evidence are available and accessible during the audit	Signed ISCC self-declaration for waste/residues (copy) Contract with the Collecting Point,			



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Confor	mity
					Yes	No
			Documents about incoming raw material (invoices, delivery notes etc.) Delivery notes for outgoing waste/residues,			
			Operation permit/license			
06.04.002	In case of a sample audit: Did the point of origin sign the ISCC self-declaration before the first batch of materials was collected?	Compare the date on the self-declaration with the date of the first delivery.	ISCC self-declaration, delivery notes			
06.04.003	first batch of materials was collected? Plausibility check: Is the amount of POME oil, EFB oil and/or PPF oil generated and sold by the POM plausible?	Check if the amounts of input (FFBs) and output material (including products, co-products and waste/residues) are documented and can be checked. Verify if it is possible to distinguish between main product, co-product and waste/residues. Check how many recipients have collected/received the POME oil, EFB oil and/or PPF oil since the previous audit. Check how often the POME oil, EFB oil and/or PPF oil was collected since the previous audit. For the plausibility check please use the figures displayed in the "ISCC Guidance Document for Audits of Waste and Residues from Palm Oil Mills". Note: The plausibility of the amount of POME oil recovered at a POM depends on the methodology to recover the oil. Recovery from the pond ("skimming off") is less efficient than recovery in a pre-treatement step like a centrifuge. Note: If the amount of POME oil/EFB oil/PPF oil generated by a POM is higher than the figures shown in the ISCC Guidance Document, an indepth analysis must be conducted by the auditor at the POM. The POM in this case must	ISCC Guidance Document for Audits of Waste and Residues from Palm Oil Mills, Production reports, process description, conversion rates, information on the recovery methodology, delivery documents, sustainability declarations, contracts			
		provide evidence to the auditor that sufficiently explains why the amounts of POME oil/EFB oil/PPF oil are above the thresholds in the individual case.				



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Confor	mity
					Yes	No
06.04.004	In case POME oil is recovered before	Verify whether the technical equipment and	Layout plan, process diagram, visual			
	discharging the POME to the pond: Is the	infrastructure is available to recover POME prior to	inspection			
	technical equipment and infrastructure	the pond.				
	available and operational to recover and store the POME oil?	Visual verification of the availability and				
	THE POME OII?	functionality of the technical equipment and infrastructure.				
06.04.005	In case EFB oil and/or PPF oil is recovered from	Verify whether the technical equipment and	Layout plan, process diagram, visual			
00.04.003	the pond: Is the technical equipment and	infrastructure is available to recover EFP oil and/or	inspection			
	infrastructure available and operational to	PPF oil.	Inspection			
	recover and store the POME oil?	Visual verification of the availability and				
		functionality of the technical equipment and				
		infrastructure.				
06.04.006	In case recovered POME oil, EFB oil and/or PPF	Further treatment could be, e.g. purification or				
	oil is further treated at the POM: Is the	cleaning of the recovered oil.				
	technical equipment and infrastructure	Verify whether the technical equipment and				
	available and operational for further	infrastructure is available to recover EFP oil and/or				
	treatment?	PPF oil.				
		Visual verification of the availability and				
		functionality of the technical equipment and				
06.04.007	In case recovered POME oil, EFB oil and/or PPF	infrastructure. Verify that the amounts of recovered oil that are	Production reports, process			
06.04.007	oil is further treated at the POM: Are losses from	going in and out of the treatment process are	description, information on the			
	the treatment process taken into account	documented and plausible.	treatment methodology, delivery			
	appropriately to determine the amounts of	accomorned and placesible.	documents, sustainability			
	recovered oil that can be sold?		declaration			
06.04.008	In case the POM sells POME oil, EFB oil and/or	In case more than one sustainability certification	Reporting system, delivery			
	PPF oil also under other voluntary or national	system is used (e.g. RSPO), also control the	documents, contracts under all			
	sustainability certification system: Is it ensured	deliveries of POME oil, EFB oil and/or PPF oil sold	relevant sustainability certification			
	that no multiple-accounting of the recovered	under the other systems. Verify the mass balance,	systems			
	oil occurs between different systems?	the delivery documents, sustainability				
		declarations, etc. of other certifications.				
		Verify that material is not declared as sustainable				
		under more than one system.				
		Verify that the total amount of sustainable output				
		under all certification schemes combined does not exceed the amount of sustainable output				
		available.				
06.05.	Transports lither (only any planets for in dividently and					
U6.U5.	Traceability (only applicable for individually cert	rified Points of Origin, not relevant for sample audits)				



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity	
					Yes	No
06.05.001	Is ensured that the list of recipients of sustainable materials contains relevant information?	Check whether name, address of recipients are available.	List of recipients			
06.05.002	Does the information and quantities from weighbridge tickets, delivery notes, sustainability declarations or proofs of sustainability of the incoming and outgoing sustainable material match with the information from the reporting system of the company?	Compare information and quantities of the reporting with the related incoming/ outgoing weighbridge tickets, delivery notes or sustainability declarations. Deviations up to 0,5% are acceptable. Deviations above 0,5% will require explaining documentation (e.g. weight loss due to drying/ cleaning documented by drying protocols etc.)	Quantities from delivery notes, weighbridge tickets and reporting system, documentation of all deviations > 0,5%			
06.05.003	Are the quantities of the incoming and outgoing deliveries of sustainable material consistent with the amounts stated in the contracts related to those deliveries?	Compare quantities from reporting with contract details. Take into account that contract quantities can be split into several batches or that one batch may relate to different contracts. Verify if amounts are consistent.	Delivery documentation, contracts, reporting system			
06.05.004	Do the delivery notes or sustainability declarations for outgoing sustainable material comply with the ISCC requirements? Is the information consistent with information in the reporting system? Indicate uniquely under "Findings" which delivery notes, sustainability declarations or proofs of sustainability have been verified during the audit (e.g. statement of unique document number and date).	Verify whether the delivery notes or sustainability declarations contain all required information according to ISCC EU Document 203 "Traceabiltiy and Chain of Custody" (for ISCC PLUS see additionally the ISCC PLUS System Document). In addition, the most recent versions of the ISCC Sustainability Declaration templates (separate various templates are provided on the ISCC website) can be used as a reference to verify compliance.	Delivery notes, weighbridge tickets, sustainability declarations, proofs of sustainability for outgoing sustainable material, reporting system	Indicate uniquely which delivery notes, sustainability declarations or proofs of sustainability have been verified during the audit (e.g. statement of unique document number and date):		
06.05.005	Is it ensured, that outgoing deliveries of sustainable material are covered by the validity period of the operational units' certificate?	Compare the "oldest" and the "most recent" delivery note with the validity period of the certificate of the operational unit? Verify if all deliveries of sustainable material have been covered by a valid certificate.	Delivery documents, certificate, Proofs of sustainability, sustainability declarations			
06.05.006	Is it ensured, that for one batch of sustainable material not more that one sustainability declaration is issued?	Verify that not more than one sustainability declaration has been issued for one batch of outgoing material.	Sustainability declarations, Delivery notes, Collection reports,			
06.05.007	If sustainability declarations are issued or transferred within (electronic traceability databases) is ensured that the amounts in the database are backed with respective documentation?	Check the accounts of electronic databases used. Verify if the amounts handled within such databases are backed by respective documentation (e.g. delivery documents, contracts, etc.).	Database accounts, contracts, delivery documents			



No.	Requirements	Verification guidance	Evidence/ Documents	Findings	Conformity		
					Yes	No	
06.05.008	In case traceability databases are used, is ensured that the amounts put into the databases are correct and that batches are not sold double (e.g. with electronic sustainability declaration and an additional paper document).	Check all relevant database accounts. Compare the amounts in the database with the amounts produced, the amounts sold and (if applicable) the mass balance.	Database accounts, production reports, delivery documents, sustainability declarations				
06.05.009	For ISCC PLUS: Is CO2 an emission of a process to produce another product and therefore not intentionally produced?	> Verify that CO2 is not deliberately produced > Verify that CO2 would have otherwise been emitted to the atmosphere as waste has been captured to be used as a material input	Production reports, sales volume of main products, quantities of raw material used, incurring quantities of waste/residues, delivery documents, invoices, National legislation, Operating license of point of origin				
06.05.010	For ISCC PLUS: Is it ensured that no multiple accounting of benefits of captured CO2 occurs?	> Verify that captured CO2 is not counted towards the reduction of GHG emissions under another scheme	Mass balance under all sustainability certification systems, reporting system, delivery documents, Proofs of Sustainability, databases.				



ISCC EU and ISCC PLUS Audit Procedure	Chain of Custody	Chapter No. 7:	Best Practices, Non-conformities and measures
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Voluntary Improvement Measures and Best Practices						
No.	No. of Requirements	Finding	Voluntary Improvement Measure	Fully Implemented	Partially Implemented	Not (yet) Implemented
1						
2						
3						
Ren	narks, observations of	best practices and suggestions for voluntary improvement				
	(Voluntary information	on, will also be included in the Summary Audit Report)				

	Mandatory Improvement Measures								
No.	No. of Require ment	Non-Conformity/ Finding	Category of non-conformity/finding4			Action/Measure	Implementation of Mandatory Measure	Measure implemented	
			Minor NC	Major NC	Critical NC	ACIIOII/Meusole	until when (within 40 days)	No	Yes
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									

Place, Date, Signature Auditor	Place, Date, Signature GHG auditor/ expert	Place, Date, Signature Client
	(in case of individual calculation)	(By signing the client also confirms that the ISCC terms
		of use are accepted)

⁴ Please see ISCC System Document 102 "Governance" (chapter 10) for further information on non-conformities and sanctions